



# Luna HPLC/UHPLC Columns

## Tips for Care and Use

### General Information

Each Luna column manufactured by Phenomenex is individually prepared and tested. Every column is supplied with a Certificate of Quality Assurance (CQA) which indicates testing conditions, operating parameters, and column details. The column details, including specifications and performance test results should be entered into your information management system for easy tracking and reference. Electronic copies of your column's quality documentation can also be acquired at: [www.phenomenex.com/mysupport](http://www.phenomenex.com/mysupport).

### Inspection

Upon receipt of column, please verify that the column you received is the one you ordered (i.e. dimension, particle size, media). Additionally, please check the column for any physical damage potentially caused during shipment. Test the column immediately to verify performance and record the result of your test in your column information management system.

### Column Characteristics

Luna Omega Phase	Description	Particle Sizes (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m <sup>2</sup> /g)	Carbon Load (%)	pH Stability	Reversed Phase	Normal Phase	HILIC	IEX
C18	C18 ligand optimized for improved peak shape	1.6	100	260	11	1.5 - 8.5*	☾			
Polar C18	Enhanced selectivity/retention for polar analytes without diminishing useful non-polar retention	1.6, 5	100	260	9	1.5 - 8.5*	☾			
PS C18	Mixed mode functionality offering enhanced retention of polar acids along with improved peak shape for strong bases	1.6, 5	100	260	9	1.5 - 8.5*	☾		☾	

\* pH stability under gradient conditions. pH stability is 1.5 - 10 under isocratic conditions.

Luna Phases	Description	Particle Sizes (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m <sup>2</sup> /g)	Carbon Load (%)	pH Stability	Reversed Phase	Normal Phase	HILIC	IEX
Silica(2)	Unbonded silica	3, 5, 10, 10-PREP, 15	100	400	—	2.0 - 7.5		☾	☾	
C5	5 Carbon ligand	5, 10	100	440	12.5	1.5 - 9.0*	☾			
C8(2)	C8 ligand optimized for improved peak shape	3, 5, 10, 10-PREP, 15	100	400	13.5	1.5 - 9.0*	☾			
C18(2)	C18 ligand optimized for improved peak shape	2.5, 3, 5, 10, 10-PREP, 15	100	400	17.5	1.5 - 9.0*	☾			
CN	Versatile CN phase	3, 5, 10	100	400	7.0	1.5 - 7.0	☾	☾		
NH <sub>2</sub>	Rugged and reproducible NH <sub>2</sub>	3, 5, 10	100	400	9.5	1.5 - 11	☾	☾	☾	☾
Phenyl-Hexyl	Phenyl phase attached to C6 (hexyl) ligand	3, 5, 10, 10-PREP, 15	100	400	17.5	1.5 - 9.0*	☾			
SCX	Benzene sulfonic acid	5, 10	100	400	Binding Capacity: 0.15 meq/g	2.0 - 7.0				☾
HILIC	Reproducible, cross-linked diol	3, 5	200	200	5.7	1.5 - 8.0				☾
PFP(2)	Pentafluorophenyl with a C3 (propyl) linkage	3, 5	100	400	11.5	1.5 - 8.0	☾			☾

\* pH range is 1.5 - 9 under gradient conditions. pH range is 1.5 - 10 under isocratic conditions.



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## Shipping Solvent

Unless otherwise noted on a column tag, Luna CN and NH<sub>2</sub> columns are shipped in Acetonitrile/Hexane (1:99 v/v). Luna SCX columns are shipped in 150 mM Ammonium Phosphate, pH 6.0, and Luna HILIC columns are shipped in HILIC conditions, Acetonitrile/100 mM Ammonium Formate, pH 3.2 (90:10 v/v). All other Luna stationary phases are shipped Acetonitrile/H<sub>2</sub>O (65:35 v/v).

## Typical Flow Rate, Backpressure, Temperature:

Here are some typical values for common dimensions of Luna HPLC and UHPLC columns. These numbers are not absolute values and can differ based on LC system, running parameters and sample analytes/matrix. The values below have been created using a using a solvent system of Acetonitrile and Water.

Particle Size (µm)	Internal Diameter (ID)	Typical Flow (mL/min)	Typical Pressure (PSI)		
			50 mm	150 mm	250 mm
1.6	2.1	0.5	4500	11000	NA
2.5	2.0	0.4	2000	NA	NA
2.5	3.0	0.8	2300	NA	NA
3	2.0	0.2	750	1500	2400
3	3.0	0.6	950	1500	2400
3	4.6	1.25	812	1500	2300
5	2.0	0.2	450	650	1000
5	3.0	0.5	450	900	1400
5	4.6	1.0	750	850	1200
10	4.6	5.0	450	350	500
10	21.2	15.0	203	350	500

### Typical Flow Rates (Independent of particle size):

- 1.0 mL/min for 4.6 mm ID
- 0.2-0.6 mL/min for 2.1 mm ID

### Max Backpressure:

- For 1.6 µm >15,000 psi (1,034 bar) may compromise column longevity.
- For 3 µm or 5 µm >5000 psi (345 bar) may compromise column longevity.

### Max Temperature:

- Suggested max temperature for Luna LC columns is 60°C, however temperature limits are dependent on your running parameters.
- Continuous use of Luna columns at the maximum temperature limit may compromise column longevity.
- Expanded temperature use for Luna Omega phases based on common mobile phases:
  - Formic acid: 90°C (C18, Polar C18), 80°C (PS C18)
  - Trifluoroacetic acid: 80°C (C18, Polar C18), 60°C (PS C18)
  - Phosphate buffer pH 7.5: 50°C (C18), 30°C (Polar C18), 50°C (PS C18)
  - Ammonium bicarbonate buffer pH 8.5: 50°C (C18), 30°C (Polar C18), 50°C (PS C18)

## Mobile Phase Compatibility

When using any HPLC/UHPLC column, be sure to only use HPLC grade solvents and materials while also avoiding immiscible solvent/buffer combinations.

Additionally, use of solvent filtration is highly recommended to remove trace impurities from your mobile phase of choice. The following Luna phases are stable in 100% aqueous conditions: Polar C18, PS C18, PFP(2), and SCX. All Luna columns are stable in 100% organic conditions, but please ensure that mobile phase pH does not exceed individual stationary phase limits. See chart in column characteristics section for individual Luna stationary phase pH limits.

## Column Installation

Initial setup of your LC system is very important to ensure column performance:

Ensure that your LC system is ready:

- Seals, lines, injector clean
- Lines primed (no dry lines or bubbles)
- Steady baseline
- Consistent pressures

Flush LC system pump and line with mobile phase (HPLC grade and miscible with solvents that column is shipped in).

Mobile phase starting conditions check list:

- Ensure that HPLC grade mobile phase is well mixed, filtered, and degassed prior to use.
- Ensure that column shipping solvent, remaining solvent in LC system, and mobile phase solvents are miscible.

Set flow rate to 0.1 mL/min (for 2.1-4.6 mm ID) and install the column making sure that the arrow is in the direction of flow. Then increase the flow rate to 0.2 mL/min (2.1mm ID) or 1.0 mL/min (4.6 mm ID) for 5-10 minutes. Collect solvent in a small beaker.

Stop flow and wipe outlet end of column to remove any particulates before connecting to detector.

Install fitting/tubing into outlet end and run minimum 10 column volumes at low flow (~0.2 mL/min) while monitoring the backpressure.

- A steady pressure should indicate a constant flow while pressure fluctuation will indicate air in the system.
- Wide fluctuations in pressure may shock and damage the column so it's important to monitor the pressure.

Monitor pressure as well as signal from the detector, when both are steady, the column is ready for use.

## Testing Column Performance

When testing column performance please use the manufacturer approved test mix.

Reversed Phase	
Name:	Reversed Phase 2 Test Mix
Part No.:	AL0-3045
Contents:	Uracil, Acetophenone, Toluene, Naphthalene
Solvent:	Acetonitrile/Water (65:35 v/v)
Detection:	UV @ 254 nm
Injection Vol.:	Depends on dimension

Normal Phase	
Name:	Normal Phase Test Mix
Part No.:	AL0-3033
Contents:	meta-Xylene, Nitrobenzene
Solvent:	Hexane/Acetonitrile (99:1 v/v)
Detection:	UV @ 254 nm
Injection Vol.:	Depends on dimension

## Column Cleaning

### Reverse Phase:

- Clean with a gradient that is closest to the last solvent system on the system:  
For example, if the last injection ended with Buffer/Acetonitrile (75:25), it's more appropriate to start with 95:5 H<sub>2</sub>O/Acetonitrile and then move step by step as needed to increase organic content (i.e. 75:25 H<sub>2</sub>O/Acetonitrile → 50:50 H<sub>2</sub>O/Acetonitrile → 5:95 H<sub>2</sub>O/Acetonitrile).
- For hydrophobic or oily materials, try flushing with Methylene Chloride or IPA. When using IPA, ensure use of a low flow to prevent higher backpressures due to higher solvent viscosity.
- For materials that are very hydrophobic, try THF instead.

### Normal Phase:

- Rinse with 10 column volumes of Chloroform, IPA, and/or Methylene Chloride.
- Then condition with mobile phase.

### Tips:

- When cleaning, set your flow rate lower than that of your method flow rate.
- Especially when attempting to clean using methanol or IPA.
- Cleaning for a longer period of time is more beneficial than adding more cycles.
- Working with very high amounts of THF is not recommended especially if system has plastic tubing. Cleaning with THF is fine if the tubing are metal.
- Try reverse flushing the column; slow flow against the direction of the arrow on the column label.

## Column Regeneration

### Reversed Phase

- Apply the same gradient flush as in the cleaning above, overnight at low flow.

### Normal Phase

- For water removal, flush with:
  - 30 mL 2.5% 2,2 Dimethoxypropane and 2.5% Glacial Acetic Acid in Hexane.
  - Then flush column with cleaning method from above, overnight at low flow rate.

## Column Storage

It is very important to make sure that your column is clean before storage. This includes removal of buffer, salts, sample, and ion-pairing agents.

The recommended storage conditions are:

- Reversed phase: Acetonitrile/H<sub>2</sub>O (65:35 v/v), Methanol can be used in place of acetonitrile.
- Normal phase: 100% Hexane or IPA
- Ion-Exchange: 100% Methanol
- HILIC: Acetonitrile/H<sub>2</sub>O (80:20 v/v)

## Tips for Extending Column Lifetime

- Utilize sample preparation techniques such as solid phase extraction (Strata®-X SPE products) or accessories (Phenex™ Syringe Filters) to minimize the injection of unwanted contaminants onto your system and column.
- Use the correct guard column or guard cartridge system (SecurityGuard™) to help remove particulates before they foul your column.
- Do not overload your column. Inject suitable sample concentrations and volumes. See chart: Typical Loading Capacities
- Work in the appropriate separation mode for the column. Please see column characteristic chart for typical modes each stationary phase is used for.
- Store your column in appropriate solvent(s).
- Solvent switch correctly by slowly acclimating the phase from one miscible solvent to the other at a low flow: 0.1 mL/min for 2.1 mm ID and 0.5 mL/min for 4.6 mm ID.

## Typical Loading Capacities

Column Type	ID (mm)	Approx. Dead Volume (mL)*	Typical Flow Rate (mL)	Typical and (Max.) Injection Masses (mg)	Typical and (Max.) Injection Volumes (µL)**
Capillary (Fused Silica)	0.32	0.0075	0.001 - 0.02	0.001 (0.01)	1 (10)
Microbore	1.0	0.07	0.02 - 0.1	0.01 (0.1)	5 (25)
Analytical	4.6	1.5	0.5 - 2.0	0.1 (2.5)	10 (200)
Semi-Prep	10.0	7.3	5.0 - 20	1.0 (25)	50 (1000)
Preparative	20.0	29.2	10 - 200	5.0 (500)	200 (5000)

## Column Warranties

Phenomenex HPLC columns are warranted to meet the stated performance and quality and to be free of defects in material and workmanship. If you are unsatisfied for any reason, please give your Phenomenex Technical Representative a call. We'll do our best to solve the problem to your satisfaction. Should it become necessary to return the column, a Return Authorization Number must be obtained from Phenomenex first.

## Disclaimers

New columns should be tested with the manufacturers recommended test mix, and previously used columns should be tested with the same or a suitable test mix for the analysis. Remember to re-equilibrate the system when changing solvents. Never change from one solvent to another which is immiscible, without going through an intermediate solvent which is miscible with both. This will damage the column. Never change to (or from) a buffer/salt solution where the buffer/salt is not soluble in the second solvent. Again this will damage the column. Never attempt to remove the column end fittings. This will void the warranty.

## Column Shock

Handle columns with care. Do not drop or create physical shock. Do not start pump at high flow rates, instead ramp up gradually over a few minutes. Set your pump pressure limit to protect the column in event of blockage. This can create voids which will detrimentally affect the column's performance.

## Column Questions and Support

If you have any additional questions, please reach out to our amazing technical team through:

**Email:** [support@phxtechnical.zendesk.com](mailto:support@phxtechnical.zendesk.com)

**Live Chat:** <https://www.phenomenex.com/info/page/2015phenomchat>

For more information on Luna UHPLC, HPLC, and Preparative columns, please visit [www.phenomenex.com/Luna](http://www.phenomenex.com/Luna)

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